PRESS AND TRIBUNE
DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR:
Wm. L. Ross, Charles H. Ray,
Alfred Cowles.
OFFICE NO. 51 CLARK STREET.

The Press AND Tribune.

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Press & Tribune

CHICAGO.

MR. HYATT—SENATOR MASON.

Mr. Thaddeus Hyatt has beaten his jailors at their own game. He has been discharged without yielding an inch of the ground which he assumed when he was incarcerated by the Harper's Ferry Committee. Senator Mason yesterday rose from his mare's nest, and exposed its contents to the wonder-eyed public. The telegraph announces that his report "embodies nothing new," which is a polite official phrase meaning that it contains nothing at all. After giving his report to the Senate he proceeded with commendable alacrity to get his tail of the elephant which he has been dragging some three months in Washington jail. He has succeeded. But what are common people left to infer from the *denouement*? Simply that Mr. Hyatt has *conquered* the honorable Senator from Virginia with all the weapons in the hands of the latter. Now let Mr. Hyatt present Senator Mason with a fine photograph of John Brown, and take the stakes!

OBJECTIONS CONSIDERED.

The terrific attacks made by the New York *Herald* and journals of like principles, upon the rails that Lincoln split thirty years ago, the home thrusts which have been made at those pairs of mythical boots that were not, when he was a member of Congress, lent home under his official freak; the fearful onslaughts that his old flat-boat has endured; the hard words that have been leveled at his mouth, nose, head, hair, legs eyes; the objurgations showered upon his height; the anathemas hurled against his popular name among the people, "HONEST OLD ABE"—these ought to be sufficient proof, that in all the essentials that make up a man fit for the Presidency, he so well satisfies the Democrats that they have not a word of criticism or complaint. We have seen no allegation that he has not the ability to fill with honor to himself and his party, and with safety to the country, the high place for which he is named. We have not yet ascertained that there is a journal whose editor is brazen enough to lay the charge of dishonesty at his door; and surely, we do not know the man who has the hardihood to allege that his every public act has not been dictated by some one patriotism. Nothing of this sort. The quarrel thus far centres in his accidents. He is too long; he is ugly; he has been poor and humble; he once thought of becoming a blacksmith and pounding out his fortune on the anvil; he cannot make the bow of a French dancing master; his learning was acquired, not thrust upon him; he has never sought office; he has not figured largely in national politics; he is an outsider and nobody supposed that he was in the line of preferment. Such are the objections this far developed. What there is in store in that magazine of lies of which the Sham Democrats have the key, we who do not draw our arms from there, cannot know. We submit, however, that until his ability is disproved, his integrity is soiled, or his love of country is successfully questioned, the people will be justified in believing as they now do, that LINCOLN is the man of their choice. As in these he is invulnerable, let us advise the Democrats to keep firing away at the rails and the boots.

THE DEVIL!

The appearance of a new journal in New York called *The World*, suggests a new classification of the most popular newspapers of that city, somewhat after this fashion: *The World*—the new paper of which we speak; the Flesh—the *Tribune* and *Times*; and the Devil—the *Herald*.

The Chicago, Iowa and Nebraska Railroad.

The stockholders of the Chicago, Iowa and Nebraska Railroad held their annual meeting at Clinton, Iowa, on Thursday last. The following gentlemen were elected Directors for the coming year:

Chas. Walker, Chicago.
L. B. Crocker, Oswego, N. Y.
G. A. Lambard, Boston, Mass.
A. H. Twombly, Boston, Mass.
John Bertram, Salem Mass.
L. M. Fisher, Paducah, Ky.
T. T. Davis, Syracuse, N. Y.
Oakes Ames, North Easton, Mass.
J. C. Backer, Clinton, Iowa.
James Purdy, Mansfield, Ohio.
George Green, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.
S. C. Bever, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.
S. D. Carpenter, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

The excellent President, John Bertram, Esq., and the other officers were all returned. The reports of the different officers were presented and approved. Like other Western roads this has suffered from the stringency of the times, but is believed the business of the present year will show very satisfactory results. As soon as the Cedar Rapids and Missouri River Railroad is completed, as it soon must be, the Iowa and Nebraska will be one of the best paying roads in the country.

Clinton—Lyons—The Crops, &c., &c.

As will be noticed by a letter in another column, one of the editors of PRESS AND TRIBUNE spent the first four days of the present week in Iowa. Improvements there, as every where at the West, have not gone forward for the past year or two as they did for the five years previous to the fall of 1857. The prospect of an abundant crop exerts a cheering influence, and inspires confidence that better times are fast approaching.

The beautiful little town of Clinton looks bright and gay as a May beauty. We did not notice much building going forward; but there is ample room for enterprise in that direction, and better times will be sure to bring it into exercise. The location of the town is all that can be desired and a very few years will suffice to make it a large thriving city. As the terminus upon the Mississippi of one of the great lines across the continent, it needs very little foresight to predict for it a highly prosperous future. It has already one of the largest and best hotels west of the Mississippi. Messrs. Howard & Co., of the Iowa Central House, deserve thanks for the superior manner in which they make their guests "at home."

Nothing gives eastern visitors and capitalists more contempt for the West than the coarse fare they too often receive while here upon tours of business or pleasure.

Early on Thursday evening, on invitation of Dr. Davis of Lyons, we rode up to that beautiful town. He very kindly took us all over it and we certainly were greatly pleased with its neat and thrifty appearance. The bluff north of the place afforded in the evening such a view of the finest views we have seen in the West. The city of Fulton, on the Illinois side of the river, with the high rolling prairies in the distance; Lyons reposing in quiet dignity at our feet; Clinton in the distance with the railroad bridge stretching from little Rock Island to the eastern shore, and the Mississippi gleaming of the evening sun light like a broad belt of molten silver and rolling onward in silent grandeur towards the Gulf of Mexico together, made a picture of surpassing beauty and sublimity.

West of the city we noticed a large Female College, which we were glad to learn is receiving a liberal support. A splendid public school building also spoke volumes for the intelligence of the people of Lyons. After our ride we had a very pleasant interview with a number of the citizens, and in the evening, Washington Hall was crowded to hear the Hon. J. M. S. Williams, of Boston, and the whole house, therein "the political issues of the day." The enthusiasm and the frequent cheers, showed that the Republicans of Lyons mean to roll up a handsome vote for "Honest Abe Lincoln." At half past nine we heard the "Father of Waters," and committed ourselves to an excellent sleeping-car upon the Iowa Railroad, before half the people had taken off the embraces of Morpheus we again found ourself in the goodly city of Chicago, well pleased with our visit to Iowa. B.

THE GERMAN MEDICAL SEMINARY.—The June number of the Chicago *Medical Examiner* is before us, and will filled home, and does credit to the enterprising publishers.

THE CITY

Auction Sales this Day.

Express Goods, Furniture, Carpets, &c., by Gilbert & Sampson.

Reid Gardner & Co.'s advertisement. They have got out some fine portraits of our future President. A copy should be in every house in the land.

G. Miranda will give a party at his Hall this evening. This being the closing out of this season, he extends a cordial invitation to acquaintances, friends, &c.

ACCIDENT.—A gentleman, whose name we did not learn, was thrown from his buggy last evening in front of the Tremont Exchange and severely injured.

MESSRS. FARROW:—Allow me to correct a small error in your issue of last Thursday, concerning the distribution of the donations to the sufferers at Albany and Camanche.

The Rock Island *Argus* has less the mistake of saying that while the Relief Committee at Albany had received only about seventeen hundred dollars, the Relief Committee at Camanche had received between nine and ten thousand dollars. Now the truth is, Messrs. Editors, that the Relief Committee at Albany have received but about *thirteen hundred dollars* all told.

Exactly what they have received at Camanche I cannot tell, but I know that Rock Island dollars besides a vast amount of provisions and clothing.

This unequal distribution of the benefactions of the good, noble and benevolent, has arisen from the fact that more persons were *killed* at Camanche than at Albany, which is not a true index of the amount of suffering and destruction of property. The amount of property destroyed in Albany is nearly if not altogether equal to the amount destroyed in Camanche, and cannot fall a great short of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars. The record of the loss of life is not so great in Albany as by reason of the difference of location of the town and the consequent difference of exposure, there are a great many wounded and suffering in Albany, though the lives lost have yet been but six.

I would not be invidious, Messrs. Editors, but while charitable people are nobly dispensing their good deeds, it becomes there aliens are to be heard. Candor and truth require me to say that the absolute suffering at Albany seems to be lost sight of. The entire contributions of Muscatine, Dubuque, Lyons, Clinton and the towns on the other side of the Mississippi, are kept on the other side, while the towns and cities on this side divide in the proportion of three fourths to Camanche and one-fourth to Albany. The people of Albany are greatly thankful for what they have received, and make no complaint; but when the good people of Chicago send out agents to inspect the sufferers left in the wake of this fearful tornado, is it right for those agents to pass by at least one half of that suffering?

A. H. LACEY,
Pastor Presbyterian Church, Albany, Ills.

Distribution of the Fund.

CLINTON, Iowa, June 14, 1860.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—

I have just received from Wm. H. Brown, Esq., Chairman of the Relief Committee of Chicago, the further sum of $567, to aid in relief of the unfortunate sufferers by the late tornado.

The money shall be faithfully distributed.

N. H. BARR,
Chairman of Donation Committee.

Ohio Republican Convention.

The Ohio State Convention was a most enthusiastic gathering. In addition to the regular delegates, there were several thousand wide-awake members of the rank and file. The Columbus boys had erected a large and commodious Wigwam, in which the Convention was held.

The ticket was made harmoniously, and the work of the Convention completed with the best of feeling prevailing. The Platform was short and to the point, as follows:

Resolved, That the declaration of principles adopted by the recent National Convention of the Republican party at Chicago meets with our hearty approval.

Resolved, That we cordially endorse the nomination of Abraham Lincoln of Illinois for President and Hannibal Hamlin of Maine for Vice President of the United States, and pledge them our earnest and hearty support.

Resolved, That we adhere to the declaration of principles made by the Republican Convention in Ohio in 1857.

These resolutions were received with a perfect storm of applause, which was continued some minutes.

Judge Brinkerhoff was renominated to the Supreme Bench, without serious opposition. Judge Gholson's friends in Hamilton county came to his support and repaid the debt due the Western Reserve, which cast 14,000 majority for Gholson last year. It will be remembered that Brinkerhoff held, in the Oberlin Rescue case, that the Fugitive Slaw is unconstitutional; while Gholson was understood to take the opposite view of that question. The Republicans of Northern and Southern Ohio have shown that they can agree to disagree on local questions, about which honest men may honestly differ.

Mr. Blair's Resignation.

[From the St. Louis Democrat, June 14.]

The following dispatch was read at the grand ratification meeting in this city on Tuesday evening:

WASHINGTON, June 12, 1860.

To Capt. Bent, Ills, Chairman Central Committee:

I intend to resign at the end of the session. I took this job upon the understanding that Missouri was to return to her fold. I go to give them fair play. I have done all I promised to do.

F. P. BLAIR, JR.

This is the pledge of an act of magnanimity on the part of Mr. Blair which his opponents are as incapable of appreciating as of imitating. Their motto is to hold on with a drowning man's grasp to every office they manage to get into session or, whether by hook or by crook. It is now apparent to everybody, it was at all times probably perceived by political friends, that Frank Blair sought but one object in appearing before Congress as a contestant, viz: to have a fair trial at the polls; to exhibit to the execration and contempt of the whole country the corrupt means and frauds by which the majority of the citizens of this county were overborne two years ago; and to prevent the repetition of such outrages on that the in egrity of the ballot-box and the suffrage rights of his constituents shall not be again overthrown and trampled in the dust. The determination announced in the telegram quoted was inspired by a generous, high-toned impulse, regardless for redress; and that determination has not been and will not be shaken, either by the appeals of his friends in Washington, or by his explore him, to retain his seat—much less by the threats with which that seat is supposed to be invested.

The *Slogan of Freedom* is the name of a campaign paper just started at Indianapolis. It is Republican up to the hub, and is published by the "Rail-Maulers Association" of that city. It is vigorously edited, and bids fair to do good service. It thus defines its title:

It will be called the *Slogan of Freedom*. We choose this name because it is an expressive one, as any we could select from the whole vocabulary of English words.

Slogan was the name given to the rallying battle cry of the brave lines of the Highlanders. When their hearth stones were threatened, and that battle-cry was heard ringing through the glens and thundering along the side of Scotland, her gallant freemen rushed, with brawny arms and stalwart frames and leaping hearts, to the rescue of their mountain homes from the grasp of tyrants.

In like manner, the *Slogan of Freedom* will be a rallying battle cry—not for a bloody array, but for a vigorous opposition to the encroachments of despotism and corruption.

Upper Mississippi Shipments of Produce.

Produce dealers of La Crosse and other points on the Upper Mississippi, are shipping wheat to Milwaukee and Chicago; winter wheat to St. Louis, and oats to New Orleans. Freights from La Crosse to Milwaukee, via La Crosse and Milwaukee R. R., are 6 cents per bushel for wheat; from La Crosse or Winona, to Chicago via Dunleith and Galena, 8 cts per bushel for wheat; to St. Louis 10 cents for wheat. To New Orleans, via Illinois Central Railroad, about 17 cts per bushel for oats. Over forty car load of oats have been thus shipped by one firm in this city. La Crosse is the centering point for shipments of produce, the rivalry between the rival markets and the river markets, reports to farms in the vicinity of La Crosse more rent, intrinsic value than belongs to farms in the interior of the State.—*La Crosse Republican, 16th inst.*

End of the Great Breach of Promise Case.

Judge Rehor yesterday overruled the motion for a new trial, in the case of Ellis C. Cornelius vs. Henry Shaw. This we suppose is the end of the matter in the courts, and the result, so far as the plaintiff is concerned, is decidedly disastrous. The verdict for the defendant now stands in full force, and the burden of the costs will be imposed on the plaintiff. An appeal to the Supreme Court is the only course left for the plaintiff, but from what we have heard, we judge that such a step under present circumstances, is highly improbable.—*St. Louis Democrat.*

ANNUNCIATION FOR THE CAMPAIGN.—Several Democratic conventions which were established in this city and vicinity for campaign purposes, have lately been in a sometimes state, on account of the Rail Maul Question. Without a full defiance, their constituents, by laws and constitutions, of all sorts, were no more value than so many old clothes. They attempted to open the political shop without any capital wherewith to carry on the business, and they found themselves compelled to put up the shutters.—*N. Y. Herald.*

Lines Closed Without Giving Us the News.

NEW YORK, June 15, 10 P. M.—A dispatch from St. Johns, N. F., reports a steamer off Cape Race.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Hosea Baldwin vs. American Express Company.

APPEAL FROM COOK.

Private Contracts, are not binding upon third parties to the extent of depriving them of the benefit of the law. Express Companies are not authorized to make such contracts for the purpose of evading the common law liability of common carriers, which they are held to be, when engaged in the business of carrying goods.

This was an action of Assumpsit brought at the April Term of the Cook County Circuit Court by the Plaintiff in Error, to recover the value of a package of money which the defendant as a common carrier undertook to convey from Chicago, Ills. to Madison, Wisconsin, and there to be delivered to D. J. Baldwin or his authorized agents, which undertaking the said defendant failed to perform.

The defendant filed a plea of general issue to the declaration.

At the April Term of said Court, this cause coming on to be heard by agreement of parties, was submitted to the Court for trial.

The Court, after hearing the evidence and arguments of counsel, found the issues for the defendant, and rendered judgment against the plaintiff for costs. Whereupon the plaintiff entered a motion for a new trial, which was overruled.

The plaintiff entered a motion in arrest of judgment which motion was overruled by the Court and a final judgment rendered for the defendant.

The evidence in this case substantially shows that the defendant, in the capacity of a common carrier, undertook to carry and convey the plaintiff's package of money, valued at $1000, from Chicago to Madison, Wisconsin, and there to deliver the same to D. J. Baldwin, or his authorized agents.

D. J. Baldwin had authorized and directed defendant to deliver all packages addressed to him (Baldwin) to C. T. Flowers or the Dane Co. Bank, both of whom had been in the habit of receiving such packages.

Flowers kept a Piano and Melodeon store at Madison. The Dane County Bank was in the same building, on the Express Office, and the two offices communicated by a short hall, so that the inmates could converse with each other, but could not see each other. Flowers kept no safe, and never had occasion to deliver any of his effects, or receive packages addressed to Baldwin, nor had he any directions or authority concerning them.

Transfers of money messenger in the Dane County Bank, and had authority to receive packages addressed to the Bank, but had no authority to receive packages addressed to Baldwin.

On the evening of the 20th of September said packages arrived, with other express matter, at Madison, about 5.37 P. M., and in the course of about 20 minutes was placed in the defendant's office in Madison.

The usual course of business of the defendant in such cases was to compare the packages with a way bill, and to copy the way bill into a delivery book which was kept for that purpose, and then to deliver them to the consignees in person taking the consignee's receipt in said delivery book.

When said package arrived at the defendant's office, Douglass, the express agent, testifies that he made no attempt to enter it on the receipt book, but put it in the messenger, Flower's, hand, he wanted it: Treadway, after consulting the bank and let Flowers have it; Brown, the cashier of the Dane county bank, testifies, that the express agent instead of marking it in the usual way, as Douglass testifies, called from defendant's office to him in the bank, and said there is a package for Baldwin, do you want to do which Flowers replied, no, if Flowers will take it.

Members, the delivering agent, while delivering other packages that arrived in the same time, called at Flowers' store, and told his clerk Willis, that said package was in the messenger's office, but did not take the packs with him, or attempt to deliver it to any one at Flowers' store or elsewhere.

Willis then went to the express office, making inquiries about other matters, and when informed of the package, said he had not the key of the safe and did not want to take it, but in consequency to receive the package, and informed the express agent that Flowers was away at Columbus, Ohio. Brown did not know that Flowers was absent at the time.

Testimony was given tending to show that said office of defendant was robbed on the night of Sept. 6, 1857, of a large quantity of money, among which was the plaintiff's package.

OPINION OF THE COURT.

J. BREESE—The question in this case is, was there sufficient evidence of a delivery of this package or of an offer to deliver, to relieve the charge the liability of the Express Company as a common carrier, or change it into the liability of a depositary, bailee, &c.

There is no counts in the declaration against the defendants, charging any other contract with it, than that as a common carrier, and because the evidence shows the defendants liability of the sole or the absence of a night watch, is out of the question. The defendant can only be charged as a common carrier, and in no other character on this declaration.

We do not consider there is any offer to deliver this package either to the officer of the Dane County Bank, or to Flowers, who may one in his employment authorized to receive it, proved.

The testimony of Douglass, the agent of the Express Company, taken in connection with that of Members, the messenger of Treadway, one of the employees of the bank, and of Willis, clerk, the cashier of the bank, and of Willis, clerk of Flowers, all go to show that the package was not even tendered by Douglass to either of them, and he shows most clearly that the package was at no time ready for delivery either to the bank or to Flowers, for he says it was the duty of the express officer to enter the packages received in a delivery book, which is also the receipt book, and by which book they deliver to consignees, and to sign a receipt in the delivery book. Now this package was never entered on this book, and of course was not ready for delivery.

The Bank had no opportunity to refuse to receive the package, for it was not offered to any officer of the Bank. One or more of them was in the room when such a package addressed to Baldwin, but though the Bank office was not five steps distant and in the same building with the Express office, the Express agent did not even call to see if Baldwin was in, or if he was five steps distant and in the same building with the Express office, the Express agent did not even call to see if Baldwin was in, or if he was it was not offered to Flower or his clerk at his place of business. The clerk was merely told by the messenger, while making his round, there was a package for Baldwin in the office, and the clerk said he would go round and see about it." When at the office, the package was not offered to him, and if it had been he would have been held responsible for it. It was in the office, it not having been entered on the delivery book, and the custom of the Express Company being, that it should be kept in the office by that book to the consignees in person, or to some another not agent at their place of business. An offer to deliver at the Express office, if it was made, under such circumstances, amounted to nothing.

Mr. Fargo, the general agent of the company, says, "we deliver goods usually at the store, or by notice," by which we understand that at important towns or their routes, and at the termination of their routes at important towns, they deliver personally, at any place by notice, or by depositing the goods or packages in a safe receptacle, if that be the known custom of the company. Such a custom may be reasonable, and therefore legal, and if well established, it will be presumed as having contracted with reference to it; but at small stations where the business will not justify them in keeping a special delivery clerk, messenger, notice should be given to the consignee in order to discharge them from the strict liability of common carriers. Mr. Van Vleet, the chief clerk in the United States Express Company, says, that "the general mode of conducting an express business is to take receipts in a receipt book, which is called the delivery book." This was the custom, as proved by Douglass, of the defendant's agent.

The cases cited by defendant's counsel, of vessels and Railroad Companies delivering goods at their landings or depots, with or without notice, cannot exist such a case as this, where the undertaking is to deliver in person.

It is the settled doctrine of England and of this country, that there must be an actual delivery to the proper person at his residence or place of business, and in no other way can he discharge himself of his responsibility as a common carrier. There is no proof that the plaintiff assumed such engagement, or has been excused from the performance of it, or been prevented by the act of God, or a public enemy. Stephenson vs. Hart, 4 Bing. 476; Garrett vs. Boyd, 2 Burr. & Ald., 364; Duff vs. Budd, 3 Brod. & Bing., 177; Hyde vs. The Navigation Company, from the Trent to the Mersey, 5 T. R., 389; Leech vs. Cooper, 1 Gilman, 99; Dwight vs. Wend., 305; Eagle vs. White, 6 Wharton, 505; Moore vs. Shieldhue, 3 Har. & McHen., 433; Chickering vs. Forster, 4 Mass., 465; Young vs. Smith, 3 Dana, 92.

It is necessary in order to give one security to property this rigid rule should obtain, and it has for years been enforced against common carriers. They are compelled to insure, and are under that responsibility, and to prevent litigation and avoid the necessity of going into the examination of matters difficult to be unravelled, the law very justly, in case of loss, presumes against them. The rule being so rigorous they are entitled to demand, and defend, a compensation for their services in assuming such a load to the risk of insurers. The company in this case have shown no reason for the non-delivery of the package. The facts and the law are against them.

We have not the opportunity to examine the case of Marshal et al. vs. Henry Wells et al. in 6th Wisconsin, referred to by defendant's counsel, in which the company prevailed; but if it is in point, we shall be inclined to hold upon which we have adjudicated.

We are inclined to think there must have been other circumstances in the case not found in this, which determines the recovery. It may be the proof in that case showed the entry of the package on the delivery book, and an offer of the bank, perhaps other bank notes, and a refusal to receive it on that ground, or some other controlling fact not appearing on this record.

If not so, then we can only say we differ from the Supreme Court of Wisconsin in our views of the law upon the facts presented.

The judgment of the Circuit Court is reversed and the cause remanded.

MARRIED.

On the 14th inst. at No. 40 Washington street, by Rev. G. S. Boardman, Mr. SULLIVAN R. JONES to Miss JULIA A. BURRS, both of this city.

DIED.

New Advertisements.

WANTED—A Wet Nurse. Apply between 9 and 2 o'clock p. m. at No. 204 Dearborn street.

WANTED—A person to take a small Fruit Plant Propagating Farm. Such parties in possession of the proper qualifications, will find a good chance. Address, with testimonials, Box 1, Chicago.

WANTED—A Rare Chance.—Wanted by a young man, a situation in a retail book store, in a country or village, would have no objection to a business farm or to learn a good trade; would board with the family of his employer. Address, stating terms, Box 1, Chicago Post Office.

FOUND.—A large black New Foundland dog. The owner will please call for his property, pay for this advertisement and for the keep of the dog, and take him away. Dog may be found on Michigan avenue, between 22nd and 23rd streets.

WANTED.—Horses and Buggy to board, by the month, on terms to be agreed upon. Address Box 1, P. O. Chicago.

TO RENT.—A House on Wabash avenue, north of Twelfth street, for $18 and Fuel. Inquire of Wm. Ogden, Ogden's Grove, or address Box 1797.

WANTED—A Prescription Drug Clerk. Address Box 1, Chicago.

WANTED.—By a married couple, a room with board in a private family, with the family of a mechanic, with room for light work. Address, with terms, W. W., Box 1, Chicago.

TO LET.—Furnished Lodgings, with or without board, for the remainder of the season, on the lake shore, one mile south of the Post Office. Apply at C. O. box 1157, or at the Post Office.

LOST.—In going from Adams St. to Fulton St. by way of Michigan, a gold watch, with black leather watch hook, and gilt key, with black leather key hook, and gilt key. Any one returning the watch to the Tribune Office, or 148 West Adams street, will be rewarded. The watch is a poor yellow watch.

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD PIANOS.—The undersigned, agent for the above celebrated Pianos, would respectfully invite the attention of the public to the fact that the manufacturers have pronounced these Pianos to be the best instruments for the climate of the West. Warerooms, 145 Lake street.

Oak Orchard Acid Spring Water.—This Water is gaining great celebrity, and the demand for it is increasing rapidly. Its health or character is established by the test. And it is pronounced by distinguished physicians to be equal to any other mineral water. Sold by our agents in Chicago, and by druggists generally throughout the West. The genuine article can be obtained only at the Depot, 164 Lake street, Chicago. Ill. Pamphlets containing testimonials, &c., may be obtained of agents, or by addressing the Proprietors, Oak Orchard Acid Spring Water Co., Albion, Orleans Co., N. Y.

1,000 AGENTS WANTED!

JUST OUT!!

Bender's Great Picture of

ABRAHAM LINCOLN!

Size 24 by 28 Inches.

The largest and most successful portrait yet published. An immediate profit for those who buy to sell or distribute.

PRICE 75 CENTS SINGLE.—$6 PER DOZEN!

Single copies sent free by mail, on receipt of price, or samples of the trade.

BENJAMIN, Ills., June 6th, 1860.

ED. MENDEL, Esq. Dear Sir: Your of the 5th inst. together with a beautiful Lithograph of Bender's Great Picture, duly received this morning. Permit me to thank you for the present, which I accept with pleasure.

Yours, truly,

A. LINCOLN.

"A very pleasing and striking picture for engravers to working in the way of Lithograph. A which we have seen." Free Press, Galesburg.

ALSO—Portrait of LYM GLE, Sacred size, 22 by 28 inches—Portraits of Bender and Rev. Peterson, Ministers, &c., &c.

ALSO—Third size, 9 by 12 inches, at 25 cents each; a good Photo. Portrait, and is admired by everybody. Price 50 cents single; $3 per hundred.

ALSO—LINCOLN, Pulpit Bible; a curious Discovery, with a few lines on the Bible, and a picture in three colors. On the same sheet is the Republican Platform and a portrait of Lincoln. Price 25 cents single; $1 per hundred.

ALSO—LIN ON Public Service of ABRAHAM LINCOLN. With a Portrait. A book of 112 pages, paper covered. 25 cents single; $2 per hundred.

Send your orders at once, they are selling rapidly. Sent by Express to all parts of the Union.

1,000 AGENTS WANTED!

GARRISON & CO., Publishers,
S. E. corner Lake and Dearborn, up stairs,
Entrance on Lake, in Brewster Sporting Rooms.
Address P. O. Box 3971, Chicago, Ill.

NOTE.—Papers giving this a favorable notice, sending it free, and marking it P. O. box, will receive the work at half price.

GERMAN EDITION OF LIFE, etc., of Abraham Lincoln.

We will publish a short time a Life of Abraham Lincoln, in the German language. Price 25 cents. Address, JOHN PAUL & BRIDGE, Publishers, Chicago, Ill.

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Is the largest and best arranged Hotel in the city, is centrally located, and has been recently refitted and refurnished throughout. Its tables are always supplied with the best the markets afford, and its rooms are kept in the most comfortable order. The proprietor has had long experience in the business, and will spare no pains to make his guests comfortable. Omnibus to and from the house free of charge. Transient boarders, $2 per day.

J. S. WORTHINGTON & SON, Proprietors.

PROFESSIONAL CARD.

DR. BERNAT MELVILLE of New York City, formerly Surgeon to the Emigrant Hospital, and for the last two years in the United States Army, is now in Chicago, and may be consulted at his office, No. 127 Lake street, from 10 to 12 A. M. and 2 to 4 P. M. Dr. M. is the only person in Chicago who has had a regular medical education, and who can show his diploma. Dr. M. is a graduate of the University of Paris, and has been for the last twelve years a regular practitioner in the City of New York. Dr. M. is a member of the Medical Society of the City of New York, and of the Medical Society of Paris. Dr. M. is the only person who may be consulted in the City of Chicago, who can show his diploma for the practice of medicine and surgery. Dr. M. is a regular

Press & Tribune.

CHICAGO: SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1859.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The ticket nominated by the late Democratic State Convention constitutes the following list: [illegible] Beginning with the nominee for Governor, and leaving off with the responsible gentleman appointed to be chosen for Superintendent of Public Instruction, it embraces all the elements of a brilliant debate. Mr. Allen is down in the bill as the candidate as a candidate for Clerk of the House of Representatives. Little cavilling in his course he was beaten for Congress by Wm. B. Archer, in a district which is nearly two-thirds Democratic. Mr. Archer, though overshadowed in his contest before the House by the votes of those who should have been his friends, nevertheless would not deprive himself, in favor of Fillmore instead of Fremont for the Presidency, was fairly elected and was chosen out of his candidate by a fraudulent canvass in Jasper County, where vote was discovered of five or three times the last time giving Allen a majority of one in the district. The official record of the VIth District for 1854 stands [illegible]

[illegible] Congress, M. G. Fearson, Democrat, 4,[illegible]
[illegible] Democrat, 4,[illegible]
[illegible] Democrat, 4,[illegible]
[illegible]

Special Notices.

Health and Pure Blood are the foundation of all human happiness. Experience proves that all sickness arises from impurity of the blood, and that Parson's Mexican Herb will at all times and under all circumstances purify the blood, and cure all diseases arising from impurities. Pure, healthy blood is the life of every part of the human system, and when this is once established, that complete vigor, and that elasticity of spirits which all enjoy, cannot be made that this desirable result follows from the use of Parson's Mexican Herb will not be questioned by those who have tried it. In most cases Pills are sugar coated, but the methods of which they are made are so peculiar and different from other pills as to defeat stomach could not retain them. The Pills feel well dissolve in it, and will not only be retained by the stomach, but will build up and restore the wasted parts of the system. The many who have so long suffered with dyspepsia, liver complaint, and intestinal disorders, will find in these pills a remedy for dyspepsia, costiveness, and all other diseases of the stomach and bowels. INDIAN HERB PILLS were formed to meet the public has been so often deceived that they would not believe the simple truths advanced by their discoverer. Yet the wonderful cures effected by whomever of the highest character and respectability, have proved, and are proving each day, the virtues of this "mighty healer." They mark by their wholesome efficacy and pervasive use in families. Sold by all medicine dealers. [July 1-1m

Soothing and Bracing.—There is no preparation in existence which has such a soothing effect in cases of nervous excitement as HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Although the basis of this renowned tonic medicine is an invigorating compound of pure rye whiskey, it is perfectly free from all injurious ingredients, and is the only stimulant in nervous complaints. Thousands of persons who have tried it as a remedy for hypochondria, fluttering of the heart, nervous headache, general debility and all similar disorders and derangements to which, with very few exceptions, it shows and fulfills the expressed belief persons as well as strengthens the body, and its use whatever disease may be the cause which necessitates it, will be endorsed by any intelligent medical man.

Meyers' Miraculous Vermin Destroyer, the best and only Exterminating HATS AND COCKROACHES, BUGS, ANTS, MOSQUITOES, FLEAS, MOTHS, GRAIN-WORMS and GARDEN INSECTS. Depots 482 Broadway, New York. Sold by druggists everywhere. [myl0-1m

Bourbon Whisky Bitters.—These superior Bitters possess all the invigorating and strengthening properties of Pure Old Bourbon Whisky, and are recommended by most eminent Doctors and Druggists, as well as the most agreeable Stomachic ever offered to the public. As a Tonic for Old People, delicate Ladies, convalescent invalids, and all weakly people, they cannot be surpassed. In all cases of Weakness or Debility they give immediate relief, and impart a strong healthy tone to the system. A trial will establish their merits above all other Tonics now in use. For Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Diarrhoea, Nervous Diseases, Fever and Ague, Chills, they are an invaluable Remedy; and as a safe preventive of Chills and Fever.

Put up in Quart Bottles, in cases of one and two dozen, and for sale by Druggists and Grocers everywhere.

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A. S. LANDON, Agent, [apl-W-6m-ly

Morals, vs. Brandreth's Pills.—Statistics are nature's warnings, and have their origin in impulses of position, produced causes which assail the and worship experience of the severing of the heart, and varying in intensity according to the habits of the individual. Our crowded brick Brandreth's Pills will cure; and when they are avail we'll all danger of apoplexy. Well, the pills are a vegetable compound, and are free from alloy. Do not let any time be lost. The consequences of indigestion are first cured, and the body and mind are some side thereafter to withstand temptations. Remember this will yet be approached by mortality.

B. BRANDRETH, M.D.

Sold by GEO. E. STANTON, Gen'l Western Agent, 181 Lake street, Chicago, Ill, and by all respectable dealers in medicine. [jelyl-6m

Those who are Curious to witness the wonderful perfection to which A. Oliver, Jr. (late manager at Batchelor's, N. Y.) has brought the manufacture of Wigs and Toupees, are invited to visit his Wig and Toupee Rooms at No. 100 Lake street, and examine some of his productions of art. In scrutiny can detect the artificial from the natural when adjusted to the head.

Barry's Tricopherous is the best and cheapest article for dressing, beautifying, cleansing, curing, preserving and restoring the hair. Ladies, try it and be convinced. Sold by Druggists and Perfumers. [myl0-1m

Congress Water.—Much spurious mineral water has been imposed on the public "CONGRESS WATER" by its spiritual pretenses or counterfeits, as, when that fine, cool, and fine, and well as "Congress Water; which many persons suppose to be the real virtue of the Congress Water, although it is only the name of the town in which the Spring is situated.

To prevent the public from such imposition, we have stamped on Bottle Bottles thus:

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Messrs. Gage, Bro. & Dunlap, Tremont House; Gale Bros. & E. Read & Co.; Parker, Hotchkiss & Smith; F. A. Stone, Jr., W. F. Tucker & Co., of Chicago, Illinois, are agents for the genuine Congress Water direct from our house; and we would recommend them favorably to our friends in Chicago, or elsewhere, who desire to procure the genuine Congress Water. CLARKE & WHITE.

BOKER'S BITTERS." For more than thirty years, have stood the test of time, and have gained a reputation for all diseases arising from a disordered state of the Liver, or Stomach, such as Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever and Ague, Fever, Jaundice, Dizziness, Nervous Complaints, Headache, Colic, Pain in the Side, Back and Limbs, Sudden Changes of Temperament, Low Spirits, Loss of Appetite, Nervous Irritability, and Fever and Ague, and are a safe and sure remedy for all diseases arising from a vitiated state of the Blood, or from Malaria, such as Chills and Fever, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Colic, Flatulency, Sick Headache, Jaundice, Loss of Appetite, Costiveness, Piles, Dropsy, Gravel, Dizziness, Nervous Irritability, Low Spirits, Sudden Changes of Temperament, Headache, Pain in the Side, Back and Limbs, Fever and Ague, Fever, Chills and Fever, Nervous Prostration, Inflammatory Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Dropsy, Female Complaints, Costiveness, Piles, Loss of Appetite

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